



Pasture- Licks 20%

(FOR RUMINANTS ONLY)

NUTRIENT ANALYSIS

Crude protein, minimum.....	20.00%
(This includes not more than 7.2% equivalent protein from non-protein nitrogen.)	
Crude fat, minimum.....	5.00%
Crude fiber, maximum.....	2.00%
Calcium (Ca), minimum95%
Calcium (Ca), maximum	1.25%
Phosphorous (P), minimum	1.00%
Magnesium (Mg), minimum20%
Potassium (K), minimum.....	6.25%
Sulfur (S), minimum45%
Zinc (Zn), minimum.....	1000 ppm
Iron (Fe), minimum.....	125 ppm
Copper (Cu), minimum.....	700 ppm
Manganese (Mn), minimum	950 ppm
Cobalt (Co), minimum	8 ppm
Iodine (I), minimum	23 ppm
Selenium (Se), minimum.....	10 ppm
Vitamin A, minimum.....	100,000 Int. Units/Lb.
Vitamin D3, minimum.....	9,800 Int. Units/Lb.
Vitamin E, minimum.....	100 Int. Units/Lb.

INGREDIENTS

Beet molasses, Concentrated separator by-products. Corn distillers grain. Navy bean by-products. Hydrolyzed vegetable fat (preserved with Ethoxyquin). Monocalcium-calcium phosphate. Calcium carbonate. Magnesium oxide. Zinc sulfate. Zinc oxide. Zinc polysaccharide complex, Copper Sulfate, Copper polysaccharide complex. Ferrous sulfate. Manganous oxide. Manganese sulfate. Ethylenediamine dihydroiodide. Cobalt sulfate. Sodium selenite. Vitamin A acetate, Vitamin D3 supplement. Vitamin E supplement, concentrated aspergillus oryzae, saccharomyces cervasiae fermentation culture), Diatomaceous Earth (anti-caking agent) added.



FEEDING DIRECTIONS

Feed one tub per 20 head of cattle. Additional tubs may be needed when there are smaller calves with larger cattle. Place the tubs where cattle tend to congregate. Tubs should be fed continuously along with additional forages and water. If additional mineral or vitamins are desired, offer a loose mineral free choice

IMPORTANT

Consumption of Pasture Licks will vary depending on quality feed and availability of other feeds. Cattle conditions and weather conditions will also affect consumption.

INTRODUCTION PERIOD

During the introduction period, tubs should be placed approximately 50 to 75 feet near the area that cattle congregate. Move tubs to accommodate consumption, if consumption is less than expected, move tubs nearer to the area that cattle congregate. If consumption is more than expected move tubs further from congregational area. Additional feed may be necessary if consumption becomes excessive. DO NOT PROVIDE TUBS TO CATTLE OF POOR CONDITION WITHOUT PROVIDING SUPPLEMENTAL FEED. IF CONSUMPTION IS EXCESSIVE FOR MORE THAN TWO WEEKS REEVALUATE THE TOTAL FEEDING PROGRAM.

Caution: DO NOT FEED TUB LICKS TO SHEEP (OR RELATED SPECIES), PASTURE-LICKS CONTAINS COPPER SULFATE WHICH IS TOXIC TO SHEEP.

Manufactured by:



149 RR Ave | Wyndmere, ND 58081 | www.tublicks.com

This product was made in a feed manufacturing facility that does not handle or store products containing animal proteins prohibited in ruminant feed.

Product Code # 9020

Lot No. _____

250 Lbs (113.4 kg) Net Weight or Bulk